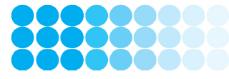
# A Division of SoSafe<sup>™</sup> Specialty Products



**SoSafe**<sup>™</sup> Specialty Products Cleaning products for all surfaces



# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

## 1.1 Product identifier

Uses

## Product name ICE MACHINE CLEANER

Synonyms BRACTON ICE MACHINE CLEANER

## 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

CLEANING AGENT 
• ICE MACHINE CLEANING AGENT For removing scale build up in Ice Machines.

## **1.3 Details of the supplier of the product**

Supplier nameBRACTON CHEMICALS™ – A DIVISION OF SOSAFE™ SPECIALTY PRODUCTSAddress50 Chard Road Brookvale, NSW, 2100, AUSTRALIATelephone02 9938 1800Emailoffice@bracton.com1.4 Emergency telepborenumbersEmergency02 9938 1800

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

## **Physical Hazards**

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

## **Health Hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

## **Environmental Hazards**

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

## 2.2 GHS Label elements

## Signal word

Pictograms



DANGER

## Hazard statements

H314 H318 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Prevention statements**

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.



Response statements	
	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
	do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage statements	
-	Store locked up.
<b>-</b>	
Disposal statements	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.
2.3 Other hazards	
<u>Lie et anno stian anno dala d</u>	

No information provided.

# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
AMINOTRI(METHYLENE PHOSPHONIC ACID)	6419-19-8	229-146-5	10 to 30%
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	Not Available	Remainder

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities should be available.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition. Contact with most metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. May evolve carbon oxides and nitrogen oxides when heated to decomposition.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

### 5.4 Hazchem code

2X

- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- X Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.



# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with sodium bicarbonate or 50-50 mixture of sodium carbonate and calcium hydroxide. Collect for complete neutralisation and appropriate disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

#### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear a faceshield and splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear PVC or rubber gloves.
Body	Wear coveralls. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear rubber boots and a PVC apron.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Full-face Type B (acid gas) respirator.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odour Flammability Flash point CLEAR SLIGHTLY COLOURED LIQUID VERY SLIGHT AROMATIC ODOUR NON FLAMMABLE NOT RELEVANT



9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Boiling point	> 100°C
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT RELEVANT
pH	< 2
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Relative density	NOT AVAILABLE
Solubility (water)	SOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	23 hPa @ 20°C
Upper explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Lower explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
9.2 Other information	
% Volatiles	72 % (Approximately)
Density	1.15 g/cm <sup>3</sup> @ 20°C (Approximately)
voc	< 10 g/L

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide) and metals (e.g. aluminium).

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

#### Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient		Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
AMINOTRI(METHYLE	ENE PHOSPHONIC ACID)	2100 mg/kg (rat)	> 6310 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Skin	Contact may result in irritatio	n, redness, pain, rash, derr	matitis and possible burns.	
Eye	Causes burns. Contact with corneal burns.	n moisture in the eyes ma	ay result in lacrimation, pa	ain, redness and possible
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing ski	n or respiratory sensitisation	n.	
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.			
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinoge	en.		
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproduct	ive toxin.		
STOT - single	Over exposure may result in	irritation of the nose and th	roat, coughing and ulceration	on.

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exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.
Aspiration	Not classified as causing aspiration.

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful effect due to pH shift. Discharge into the environment should be avoided.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

SOIL: If released to soil, this product will dissolve the carbonate based soil materials due to its acidic nature. WATER: A significant amount will reach the water table where dilution and dispersion serve to reduce the acid concentration. Aquatic life may be threatened if the pH falls below 5.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts (as determined by risk assessment or similar): Wearing the protective equipment detailed above, neutralise to pH 6-8 by SLOW addition to a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution or similar basic solution. Dilute with excess water and flush to drain. Waste disposal should only be undertaken in a well ventilated area. For larger amounts: Dispose in accordance with local regulations.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1760	1760	1760
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tris-)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tris-)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tris-)
14.3 Transport hazard class	8	8	8
14.4 Packing Group	III		III

## 14.5 Environmental hazards

#### Not a Marine Pollutant.

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	2X
GTEPG	8A1
EmS	F-A, S-B

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# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health an	nd environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Poison schedule	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).
Classifications	Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).
Inventory listings	AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information ACIDS: When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse.

> RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

#### Abbreviations

<ul> <li>ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</li> <li>CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds</li> <li>CNS Central Nervous System</li> <li>EC No. EC No - European Community Number</li> <li>EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous</li> </ul>
CNSCentral Nervous SystemEC No.EC No - European Community Number
EC No. EC No - European Community Number
Goods)
GHS Globally Harmonized System
GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m <sup>3</sup> Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
ppm Parts Per Million
STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit
STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

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**Report status** 

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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# [End of SDS]

